

UNIT ACTIVITY AND PERFORMANCE REPORT

Social Trust Fund UIN Syarif Hidayatullah Jakarta / Knowledge Partner Multi Stakeholder Forum (MSF) Aliansi Filantropi dalam Program Pengentasan Kemiskinan / Tanpa Kemiskinan / No Poverty

Social Trust Fund UIN Syarif Hidayatullah Jakarta	Prof. Amelia Fauzia, MA., Ph.D
22 Oktober 2026	UIN Jakarta

1. Supporting Data and Evidence

Include data or information that supports the program/activity. Adjust the column names and number of rows according to the unit's needs. Each key data point should ideally have a verifiable source. The headers and contents provided are examples; supporting data from Excel files may be attached.

No.	Data / Information	Value or Description	Period	Source / Evidence Link
1	Collaboration between STF UIN Jakarta and the Multi-Stakeholder Forum (MSF) of the Philanthropy Alliance on Poverty Alleviation as a Knowledge Partner	<p>As part of its efforts to promote the Green Village Program, the Social Trust Fund (STF) of UIN Syarif Hidayatullah Jakarta has partnered with PT Tokio Marine Life Insurance to bring this initiative to life. This collaboration aims to develop sustainable, environmentally friendly initiatives in Cidokom Village, Gunung Sindur District, Bogor Regency, West Java.</p> <p>In her remarks at the solar panel inauguration ceremony, Prof. Amelia Fauzia, MA, Ph.D., Director of STF UIN Jakarta, stated that the solar panel system has a capacity of 3.5 kWh. The solar panels were installed on the roof of the Cercondeso Hall (Center for Rural Community Development and Social Entrepreneurship), a center for rural community empowerment and social entrepreneurship, on Monday, August 25, 2025.</p> <p>The installation is expected to deliver significant environmental benefits. She noted that the solar panel system could reduce carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions by 4,180 kg per year, equivalent to the environmental benefits</p>	[2025-present]	Kerjasama dalam Workshop Kolaborasi Lintas Sektor untuk Percepatan Pengentasan Kemiskinan

No.	Data / Information	Value or Description	Period	Source / Evidence Link
		of planting 206 trees, and help offset CO ₂ emissions associated with car use.		
2	Field Assessment in the Village as Part of the Collaboration with the Multi-Stakeholder Forum (MSF) of the Philanthropy Alliance for the Poverty Alleviation Program	Field assessments were conducted in selected villages to identify the socio-economic conditions of local communities, map poverty levels and priority needs, and identify local potential and resources as a foundation for developing targeted, data-driven, and sustainable poverty alleviation programs. In 2026, STF conducted two rounds of assessments covering six villages: 1. Java Island (February–March): Ciseureuheun Village, Pandeglang, Banten; Panyingkiran Kidul Village, Indramayu, West Java; and Karyawangi Village, West Bandung, West Java. 2. Sumatra Island (August): Muara Medak Village, South Sumatra; Kelagian Village, Jambi; and Batu Gajah Village, Riau.	[2025-present]	Asesmen Desa - MSF Aliansi Filantropi - Pengentasan Kemiskinan

Note: Supporting data may include achievement figures, activity lists, the number of beneficiaries, service statistics, policy documents, survey results, or other relevant data. Not all types of data need to be included.

2. Documentation Evidence

Insert photos, screenshots, activity outcomes, system displays, or relevant excerpts from documents. Provide brief captions to help readers understand the evidence and its connection to the reported program.



Evidence ID	Date / period	Location / activity	Description
[DOC-01]	31 January 2026	Collaboration between STF UIN Jakarta and the Multi-Stakeholder Forum (MSF) of the Philanthropy Alliance on Poverty Alleviation, with STF UIN Jakarta Serving as a Knowledge Partner	The 2026 Cross-Sectoral Program Workshop was conducted as part of the collaboration between the Multi-Stakeholder Forum (MSF) of the Philanthropy Alliance and STF UIN Jakarta to refine the design of data-driven poverty alleviation programs. The workshop covered the formulation of cross-sectoral interventions, the selection of pilot program locations, and the development of funding schemes and Monitoring, Evaluation, and Learning (MEL) frameworks.

Dokumentasi Asesmen Lapangan Desa Ciseureuheun, Pandeglang



Dokumentasi Asesmen Lapangan Desa Karyawangi, Bandung Barat



Dokumentasi Asesmen Lapangan Desa Panyingkiran Kidul, Indramayu



Evidence ID	Date / period	Location / activity	Description
[DOC-02]	28 February - 2 March 2026	Field Assessments in Three Villages – Phase 1, Java Island (February–March): Ciseureuheun Village, Pandeglang, Banten; Panyingkiran Kidul Village,	The first phase of field assessments was conducted in three villages on Java Island in February–March: Ciseureuheun Village, Pandeglang Regency, Banten; Panyingkiran Kidul Village, Indramayu Regency, West Java; and Karyawangi Village, West Bandung

Evidence ID	Date / period	Location / activity	Description
		Indramayu, West Java; and Karyawangi Village, West Bandung, West Java	Regency, West Java. The assessments aimed to identify socio-economic conditions, priority needs, and local potential as a foundation for designing context-specific, data-driven poverty alleviation programs.

Dokumentasi Asesmen Desa Muara Medak



Dokumentasi Asesmen Desa Kelagian



Dokumentasi Asesmen Desa Batu Gajah



Evidence ID	Date / period	Location / activity	Description
[DOC-02]	2 - 6 August 2026	Field Assessments in Three Villages – Phase 2, Sumatra Island (August): Muara Medak Village, South Sumatra; Kelagian Village, Jambi; and Batu Gajah Village, Riau.	The second phase of field assessments was conducted in three villages on Sumatra Island in August: Muara Medak Village, South Sumatra; Kelagian Village, Jambi; and Batu Gajah Village, Riau. The assessments aimed to identify the socio-economic conditions of local communities, priority needs, and local potential as a foundation for developing context-specific, targeted, and data-driven poverty alleviation programs.

Add identical documentation blocks if there are more than two pieces of evidence. Ensure that all photos or screenshots are authentic, relevant, and do not display unnecessary sensitive information.

3. Program Description Narrative

Background and Objectives

STF UIN Jakarta collaborates with the Multi-Stakeholder Forum (MSF) of the Philanthropy Alliance to support poverty alleviation programs through cross-sectoral collaboration and the strengthening of research-based knowledge. This partnership positions STF UIN Jakarta as a *knowledge partner*, contributing to the provision of analytical insights, program design development, and the formulation of intervention recommendations tailored to community needs. Within this collaborative framework, village-level field assessments serve as a supporting activity to ensure that program planning is grounded in socio-economic conditions, local potential, and community aspirations.

Program Implementation

The collaboration is implemented through STF UIN Jakarta's involvement in the development of programs under the MSF of the Philanthropy Alliance, including the Cross-Sectoral Program Workshop: *Foundations for Collaborative Programs 2026*. The workshop addressed the findings of the quick assessment, cross-sectoral program design, selection of intervention locations, funding schemes, and the Monitoring, Evaluation, and Learning (MEL) system. Program planning covers five priority sectors: poverty alleviation, economic empowerment, education, health, and climate and environmental resilience.

As part of this collaboration, STF UIN Jakarta also conducted field assessments in six villages in two phases. The first phase took place in February–March 2026 in Ciseureuheun Village, Pandeglang Regency, Banten; Panyingkiran Kidul Village, Indramayu Regency, West Java; and Karyawangi Village, West Bandung Regency, West Java. The second phase took place from 2–6 August 2026 in Muara Medak Village, South Sumatra; Kelagian Village, Jambi; and Batu Gajah Village, Riau.

The assessments employed a participatory qualitative approach involving secondary data reviews, in-depth interviews with village officials and stakeholders, field observations, and village deliberations. The analysis applied the Sustainable Livelihoods Framework (SLF) to map the five livelihood capitals of local communities, alongside the Taskforce on Inequality and Social-related Financial Disclosures (TISFD) framework to understand inequality issues and social impacts. Field findings and community aspirations were subsequently analyzed and developed into recommendations for integrated, location-specific program interventions.

Results and Benefits

This collaboration strengthens STF UIN Jakarta's involvement in research-based poverty alleviation program planning and cross-sectoral collaboration. The workshop supports the refinement of program designs, while the field assessments provide information on the challenges, potential, assets, and priority needs of rural communities. The assessment findings serve as inputs for developing intervention recommendations that take

local conditions and community aspirations into account, while supporting alignment with the program framework of the MSF of the Philanthropy Alliance.

For STF UIN Jakarta, this collaboration reinforces the institution's role as a knowledge partner in developing policies and philanthropic practices oriented toward social impact. For the MSF of the Philanthropy Alliance and its development partners, the findings are expected to provide a foundation for designing more targeted, inclusive, and sustainable interventions through community-driven development and asset-based community development (ABCD) approaches.

Challenges and Follow-Up Actions (If Any)

The assessments faced challenges related to the limited availability and inconsistency of village-level secondary data, as well as differences in geographical conditions and site accessibility. The team supplemented the available information by consulting alternative sources, conducting interviews, and carrying out field observations. Follow-up actions under the collaboration include refining intervention recommendations, aligning assessment findings with cross-sectoral program designs, developing funding schemes, and establishing an MEL system to support program implementation and evaluation.

Final Review: This narrative positions the collaboration between STF UIN Jakarta and the MSF of the Philanthropy Alliance as the main activity, with field assessments serving as one component of the broader collaborative framework. Ensure that supporting documentation—including collaboration records, workshop materials and attendance lists, assessment reports for all six villages, and program recommendation documents—is available and accessible to reviewers. Claims regarding outcomes and impacts should be adjusted to reflect achievements supported by documentary evidence.